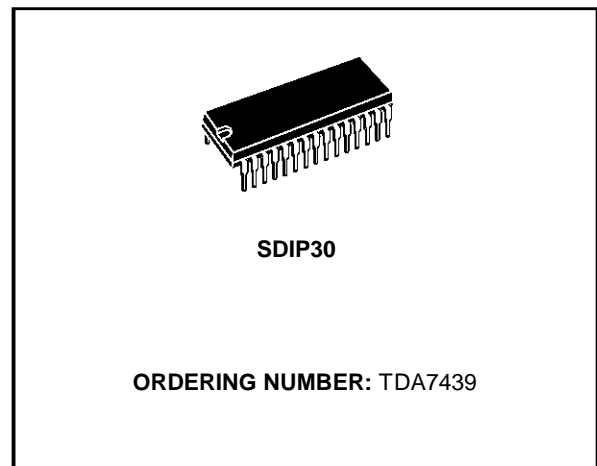


THREE BANDS DIGITALLY CONTROLLED AUDIO PROCESSOR

PRODUCT PREVIEW

- INPUT MULTIPLEXER
 - 4 STEREO INPUTS
 - SELECTABLE INPUT GAIN FOR OPTIMAL ADAPTATION TO DIFFERENT SOURCES
- ONE STEREO OUTPUT
- TREBLE, MIDDLE AND BASS CONTROL IN 2.0dB STEPS
- VOLUME CONTROL IN 1.0dB STEPS
- TWO SPEAKER ATTENUATORS:
 - TWO INDEPENDENT SPEAKER CONTROL IN 1.0dB STEPS FOR BALANCE FACILITY
 - INDEPENDENT MUTE FUNCTION
- ALL FUNCTIONS ARE PROGRAMMABLE VIA SERIAL BUS



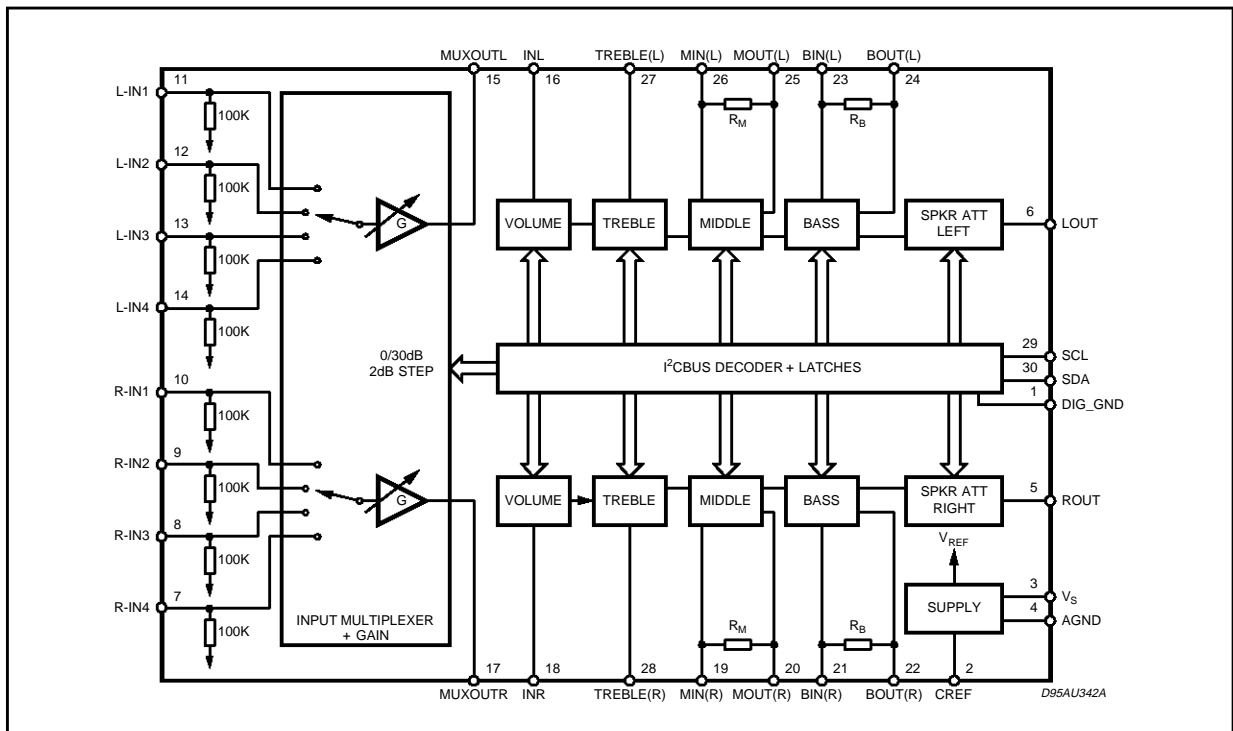
DESCRIPTION

The TDA7439 is a volume tone (bass, middle and treble) balance (Left/Right) processor for quality audio applications in car-radio and Hi-Fi systems. Selectable input gain is provided. Control of all the functions is accomplished by serial bus.

The AC signal setting is obtained by resistor networks and switches combined with operational amplifiers.

Thanks to the used BIPOLAR/CMOS Technology, Low Distortion, Low Noise and DC stepping are obtained

BLOCK DIAGRAM

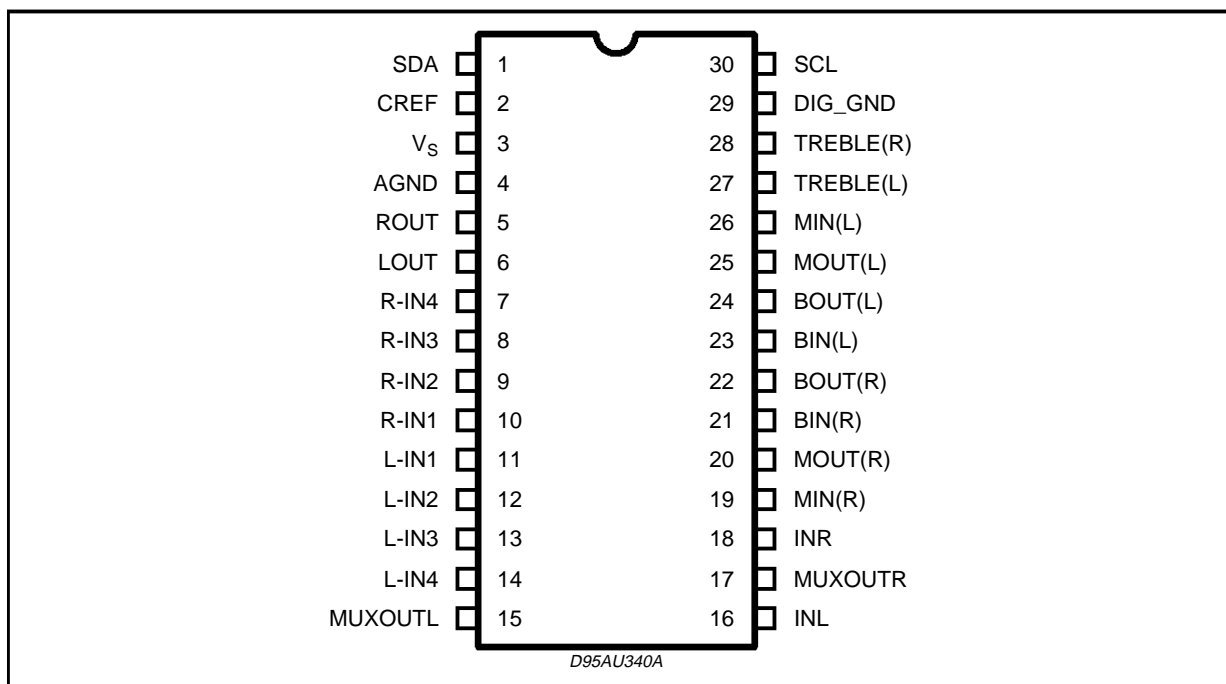


TDA7439

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_S	Operating Supply Voltage	11	V
T_{amb}	Operating Ambient Temperature	-10 to 85	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

PIN CONNECTION



THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th\ j-pin}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins	85	°C/W

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_S	Supply Voltage	6	9	10.2	V
V_{CL}	Max. input signal handling	2			Vrms
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion $V = 1V_{rms}$ $f = 1KHz$		0.01	0.1	%
S/N	Signal to Noise Ratio $V_{out} = 1V_{rms}$ (mode = OFF)		106		dB
S_C	Channel Separation $f = 1KHz$		90		dB
	Input Gain in (2dB step)	0		30	dB
	Volume Control (1dB step)	-47		0	dB
	Treble Control (2dB step)	-14		+14	dB
	Middle Control (2dB step)	-14		+14	dB
	Bass Control (2dB step)	-14		+14	dB
	Balance Control 1dB step	-79		0	dB
	Mute Attenuation		100		dB

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (refer to the test circuit $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_S = 9\text{V}$, $R_L = 10\text{K}\Omega$, $R_G = 600\Omega$, all controls flat ($G = 0\text{dB}$), unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
SUPPLY						
V_S	Supply Voltage		6	9	10.2	V
I_S	Supply Current			7		mA
SVR	Ripple Rejection		60	90		dB
INPUT STAGE						
R_{IN}	Input Resistance			100		$\text{K}\Omega$
V_{CL}	Clipping Level	THD = 0.3%	2	2.5		V _{rms}
S_{IN}	Input Separation	The selected input is grounded through a 2.2 μ capacitor	80	100		dB
G_{inmin}	Minimum Input Gain		-1	0	1	dB
G_{inmax}	Maximum Input Gain			30		dB
G_{step}	Step Resolution			2		dB
VOLUME CONTROL						
R_i	Input Resistance		20	33	50	$\text{K}\Omega$
C_{RANGE}	Control Range		45	47	49	dB
A_{VMAX}	Max. Attenuation		45	47	49	dB
A_{STEP}	Step Resolution		0.5	1	1.5	dB
E_A	Attenuation Set Error	$A_V = 0$ to -24dB	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
		$A_V = -24$ to -47dB	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
E_T	Tracking Error	$A_V = 0$ to -24dB		0	1	dB
		$A_V = -24$ to -47dB		0	2	dB
V_{DC}	DC Step	adjacent attenuation steps from 0dB to A_V max		0 0.5	3	mV mV
A_{mute}	Mute Attenuation		80	100		dB
BASS CONTROL (1)						
G_b	Control Range	Max. Boost/cut	± 12.0	± 14.0	± 16.0	dB
B_{STEP}	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
R_B	Internal Feedback Resistance		33	44	55	$\text{K}\Omega$
TREBLE CONTROL (1)						
G_t	Control Range	Max. Boost/cut	± 13.0	± 14.0	± 15.0	dB
T_{STEP}	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
MIDDLE CONTROL (1)						
G_m	Control Range	Max. Boost/cut	± 12.0	± 14.0	± 16.0	dB
M_{STEP}	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
R_M	Internal Feedback Resistance		18.75	25	31.25	$\text{K}\Omega$
SPEAKER ATTENUATORS						
C_{RANGE}	Control Range			79		dB
S_{STEP}	Step Resolution		0.5	1	1.5	dB
E_A	Attenuation Set Error	$A_V = 0$ to -20dB	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
		$A_V = -20$ to -79dB	-3	0	2	dB
V_{DC}	DC Step	adjacent attenuation steps		0	3	mV
A_{mute}	Mute Attenuation		80	100		dB

NOTE1:

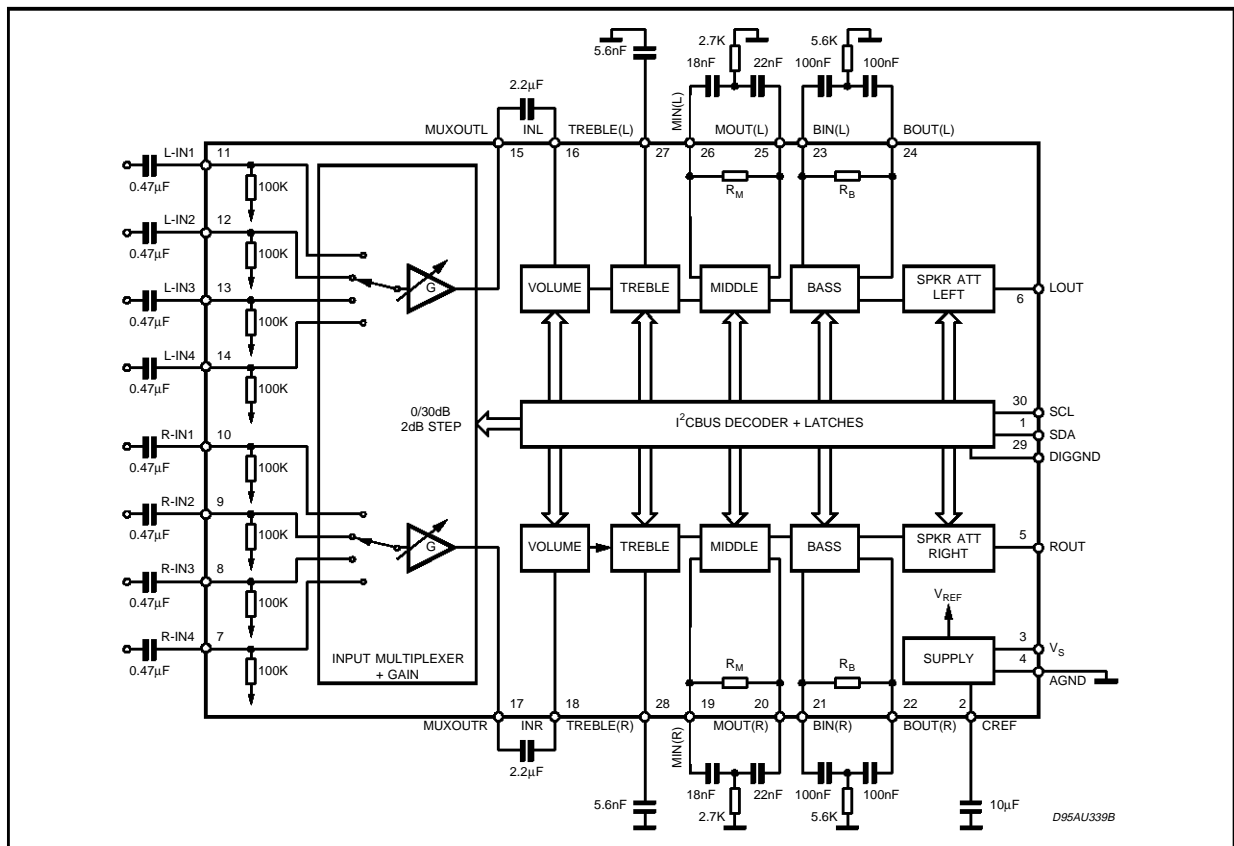
- 1) The device is functionally good at $V_S = 5\text{V}$. a step down, on V_S , to 4V does't reset the device.
- 2) BASS, MIDDLE and TREBLE response: The center frequency and the response quality can be chosen by the external circuitry.

TDA7439

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
AUDIO OUTPUTS						
V _{CLIP}	Clipping Level	d = 0.3%	2.1	2.6		V _{RMS}
R _L	Output Load Resistance		2			KΩ
R _O	Output Impedance		10	30	50	Ω
V _{DC}	DC Voltage Level			3.8		V
GENERAL						
E _{NO}	Output Noise	All gains = 0dB; BW = 20Hz to 20KHz flat		5	15	μV
E _t	Total Tracking Error	A _V = 0 to -24dB		0	1	dB
		A _V = -24 to -47dB		0	2	dB
S/N	Signal to Noise Ratio	All gains 0dB; V _O = 1V _{RMS} ;		106		dB
S _C	Channel Separation Left/Right		80	100		dB
d	Distortion	A _V = 0; V _I = 1V _{RMS} ;		0.01	0.08	%
BUS INPUT						
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage				1	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		3			V
I _{IN}	Input Current	V _{IN} = 0.4V	-5		5	μA
V _O	Output Voltage SDA Acknowledge	I _O = 1.6mA		0.4	0.8	V

TEST CIRCUIT



I²C BUS INTERFACE

Data transmission from microprocessor to the TDA7439 and vice versa takes place through the 2 wires I²C BUS interface, consisting of the two lines SDA and SCL (pull-up resistors to positive supply voltage must be connected).

Data Validity

As shown in fig. 3, the data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. The HIGH and LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

Start and Stop Conditions

As shown in fig.4 a start condition is a HIGH to LOW transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is a LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH.

Byte Format

Every byte transferred on the SDA line must contain 8 bits. Each byte must be followed by an ac-

knowledge bit. The MSB is transferred first.

Acknowledge

The master (μ P) puts a resistive HIGH level on the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse (see fig. 5). The peripheral (audio processor) that acknowledges has to pull-down (LOW) the SDA line during this clock pulse.

The audio processor which has been addressed has to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte, otherwise the SDA line remains at the HIGH level during the ninth clock pulse time. In this case the master transmitter can generate the STOP information in order to abort the transfer.

Transmission without Acknowledge

Avoiding to detect the acknowledge of the audio processor, the μ P can use a simpler transmission: simply it waits one clock without checking the slave acknowledging, and sends the new data.

This approach of course is less protected from misworking.

Figure 3: Data Validity on the I²C BUS

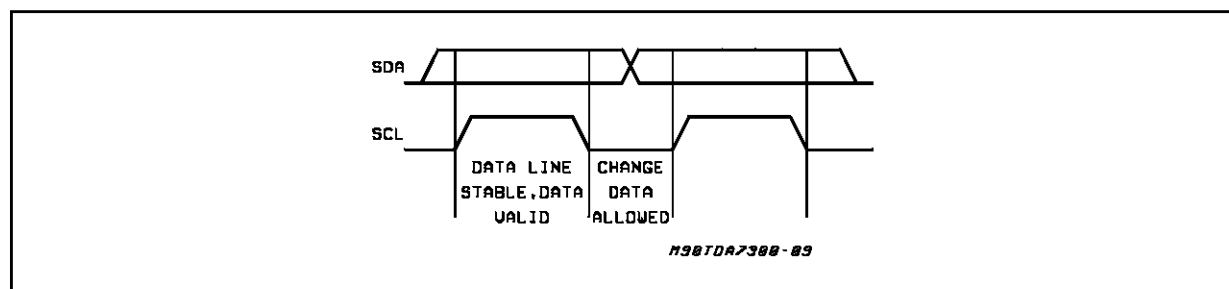


Figure 4: Timing Diagram of I²C BUS

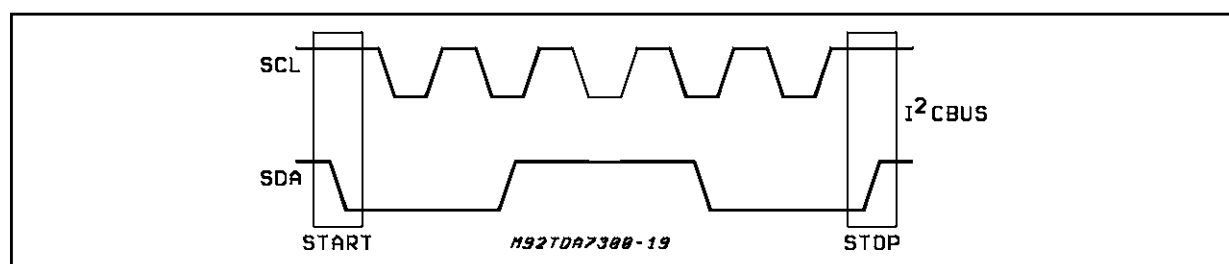
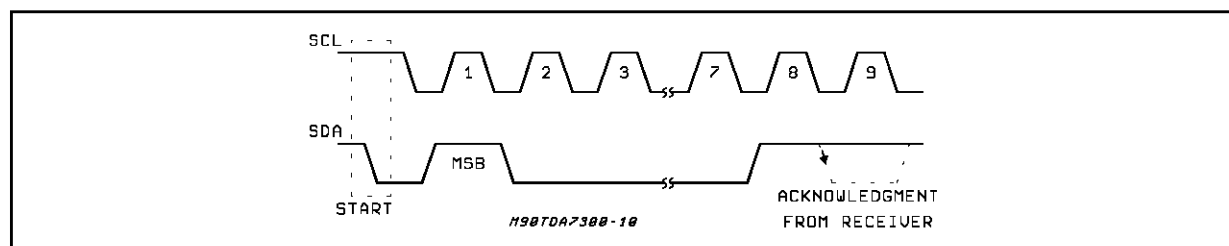


Figure 5: Acknowledge on the I²C BUS



TDA7439

SOFTWARE SPECIFICATION

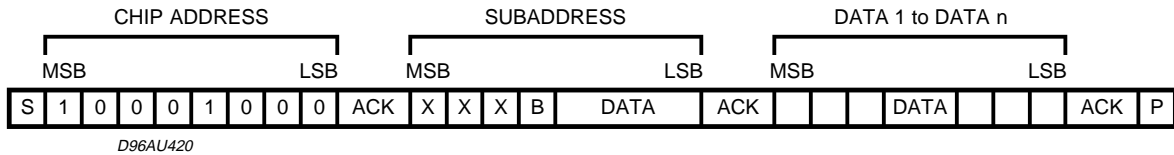
Interface Protocol

The interface protocol comprises:

- A start condition (S)
- A chip address byte, containing the TDA7439

address

- A subaddress bytes
- A sequence of data (N byte + acknowledge)
- A stop condition (P)



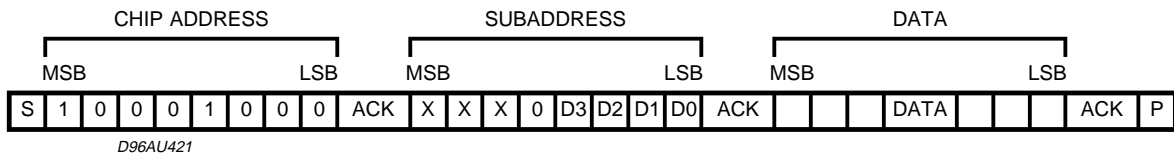
ACK = Acknowledge
 S = Start
 P = Stop
 A = Address
 B = Auto Increment

EXAMPLES

No Incremental Bus

The TDA7439 receives a start condition, the cor-

rect chip address, a subaddress with the B = 0 (no incremental bus), N-data (all these data concern the subaddress selected), a stop condition.

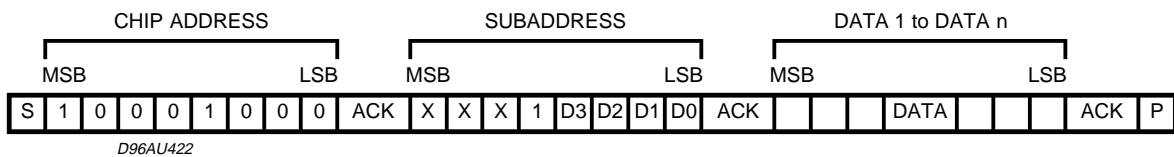


Incremental Bus

The TDA7439 receive a start conditions, the correct chip address, a subaddress with the B = 1 (incremental bus): now it is in a loop condition with an autoincrease of the subaddress whereas

SUBADDRESS from "XXX10000" to "XXX10111" of DATA are ignored.

The DATA 1 concern the subaddress sent, and the DATA 2 concern the subaddress sent plus one in the loop etc, and at the end it receives the stop condition.



POWER ON RESET CONDITION

INPUT SELECTION	IN2
INPUT GAIN	28dB
VOLUME	MUTE
BASS	0dB
MIDDLE	2dB
TREBLE	2dB
SPEAKER	MUTE

DATA BYTES

Address = 88 HEX (ADDR:OPEN).

FUNCTION SELECTION: First byte (subaddress)

MSB							LSB	SUBADDRESS
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
X	X	X	B	0	0	0	0	INPUT SELECT
X	X	X	B	0	0	0	1	INPUT GAIN
X	X	X	B	0	0	1	0	VOLUME
X	X	X	B	0	0	1	1	BASS
X	X	X	B	0	1	0	0	MIDDLE
X	X	X	B	0	1	0	1	TREBLE
X	X	X	B	0	1	1	0	SPEAKER ATTENUATE "R"
X	X	X	B	0	1	1	1	SPEAKER ATTENUATE "L"

B = 1: INCREMENTAL BUS ACTIVE

B = 0: NO INCREMENTAL BUS

X = DON'T CARE

INPUT SELECTION

MSB							LSB	INPUT MULTIPLEXER
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
X	X	X	X	X	X	0	0	IN4
X	X	X	X	X	X	0	1	IN3
X	X	X	X	X	X	1	0	IN2
X	X	X	X	X	X	1	1	IN1

TDA7439

DATA BYTES (continued)

INPUT GAIN SELECTION

MSB								LSB	INPUT GAIN
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	2dB STEPS	
				0	0	0	0	0dB	
				0	0	0	1	2dB	
				0	0	1	0	4dB	
				0	0	1	1	6dB	
				0	1	0	0	8dB	
				0	1	0	1	10dB	
				0	1	1	0	12dB	
				0	1	1	1	14dB	
				1	0	0	0	16dB	
				1	0	0	1	18dB	
				1	0	1	0	20dB	
				1	0	1	1	22dB	
				1	1	0	0	24dB	
				1	1	0	1	26dB	
				1	1	1	0	28dB	
				1	1	1	1	30dB	

GAIN = 0 to 30dB

VOLUME SELECTION

MSB								LSB	VOLUME
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	1dB STEPS	
					0	0	0	0dB	
					0	0	1	-1dB	
					0	1	0	-2dB	
					0	1	1	-3dB	
					1	0	0	-4dB	
					1	0	1	-5dB	
					1	1	0	-6dB	
					1	1	1	-7dB	
	0	0	0	0				0dB	
	0	0	0	1				-8dB	
	0	0	1	0				-16dB	
	0	0	1	1				-24dB	
	0	1	0	0				-32dB	
	0	1	0	1				-40dB	
	X	1	1	1	X	X	X	MUTE	

VOLUME = 0 to 47dB/MUTE

DATA BYTES (continued)**BASS SELECTION**

MSB							LSB	BASS
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	2dB STEPS
				0	0	0	0	-14dB
				0	0	0	1	-12dB
				0	0	1	0	-10dB
				0	0	1	1	-8dB
				0	1	0	0	-6dB
				0	1	0	1	-4dB
				0	1	1	0	-2dB
				0	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	0	2dB
				1	1	0	1	4dB
				1	1	0	0	6dB
				1	0	1	1	8dB
				1	0	1	0	10dB
				1	0	0	1	12dB
				1	0	0	0	14dB

MIDDLE SELECTION

MSB							LSB	MIDDLE
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	2dB STEPS
				0	0	0	0	-14dB
				0	0	0	1	-12dB
				0	0	1	0	-10dB
				0	0	1	1	-8dB
				0	1	0	0	-6dB
				0	1	0	1	-4dB
				0	1	1	0	-2dB
				0	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	0	2dB
				1	1	0	1	4dB
				1	1	0	0	6dB
				1	0	1	1	8dB
				1	0	1	0	10dB
				1	0	0	1	12dB
				1	0	0	0	14dB

TDA7439

DATA BYTES (continued)

TREBLE SELECTION

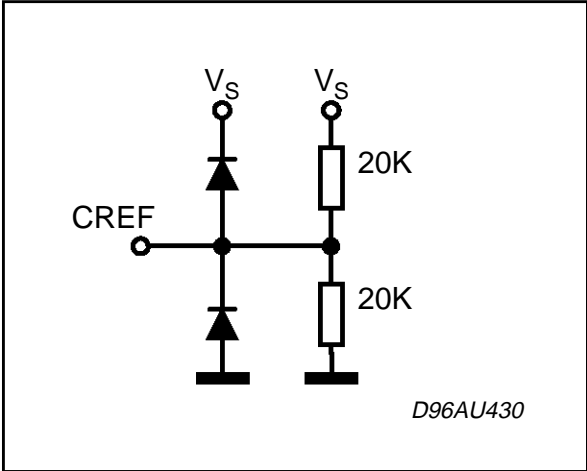
MSB							LSB	TREBLE
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	2dB STEPS
				0	0	0	0	-14dB
				0	0	0	1	-12dB
				0	0	1	0	-10dB
				0	0	1	1	-8dB
				0	1	0	0	-6dB
				0	1	0	1	-4dB
				0	1	1	0	-2dB
				0	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	0	2dB
				1	1	0	1	4dB
				1	1	0	0	6dB
				1	0	1	1	8dB
				1	0	1	0	10dB
				1	0	0	1	12dB
				1	0	0	0	14dB

SPEAKER ATTENUATE SELECTION

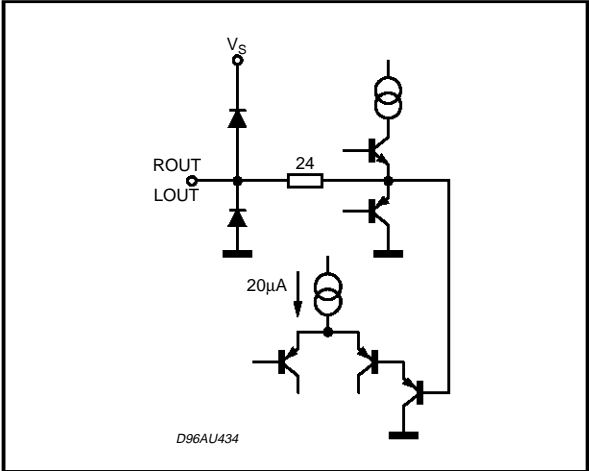
MSB							LSB	SPEAKER ATTENUATION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	1dB
					0	0	0	0dB
					0	0	1	-1dB
					0	1	0	-2dB
					0	1	1	-3dB
					1	0	0	-4dB
					1	0	1	-5dB
					1	1	0	-6dB
					1	1	1	-7dB
	0	0	0	0				0dB
	0	0	0	1				-8dB
	0	0	1	0				-16dB
	0	0	1	1				-24dB
	0	1	0	0				-32dB
	0	1	0	1				-40dB
	0	1	1	0				-48dB
	0	1	1	1				-56dB
	1	0	0	0				-64dB
	1	0	0	1				-72dB
	1	1	1	1	X	X	X	MUTE

SPEAKER ATTENUATION = 0 to -79dB/MUTE

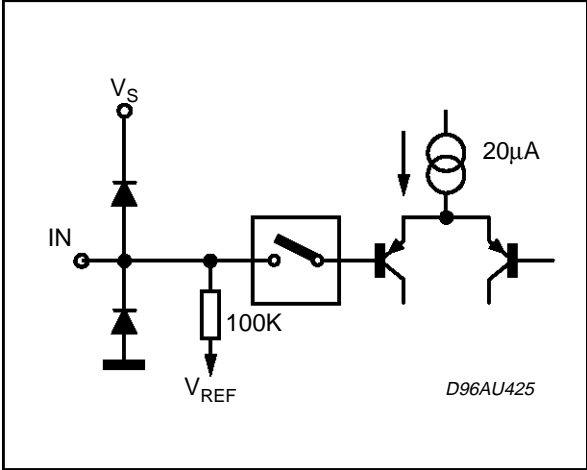
PINS: 2



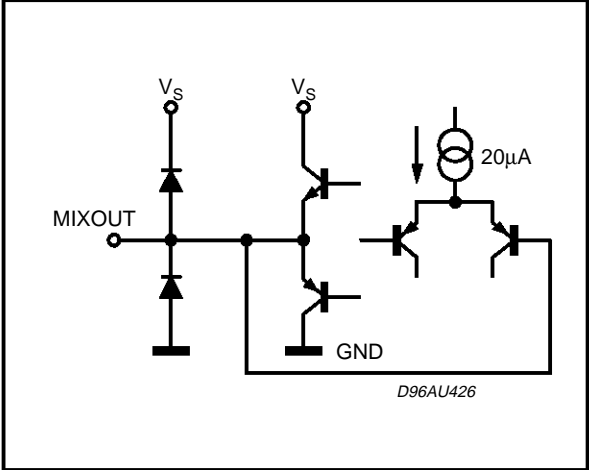
PINS: 5, 6



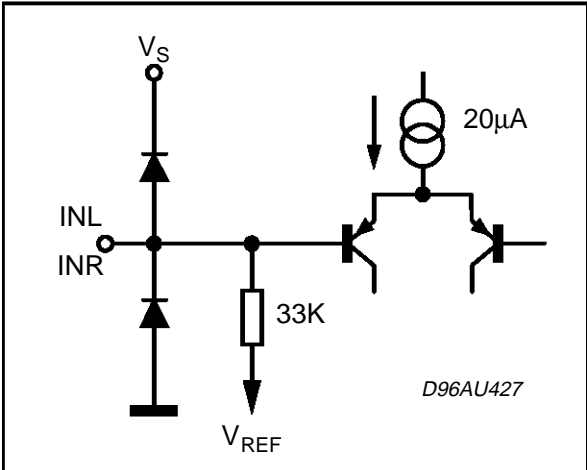
PINS: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14



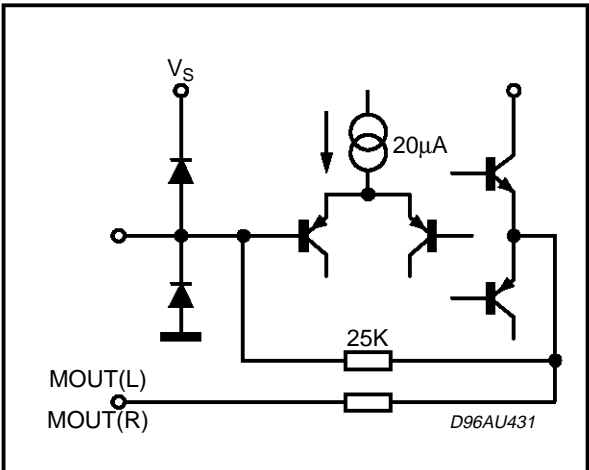
PINS: 15, 17



PINS: 16, 18

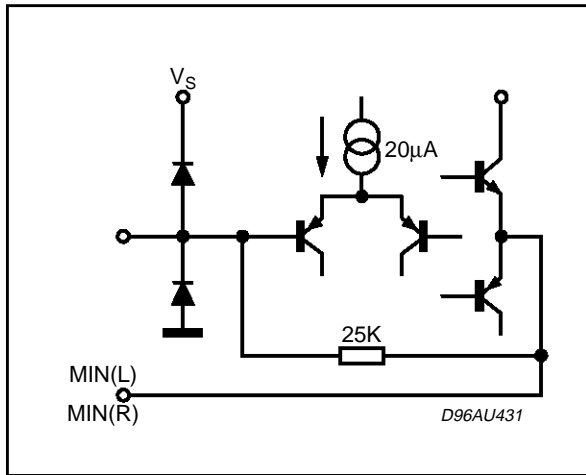


PINS: 19, 26

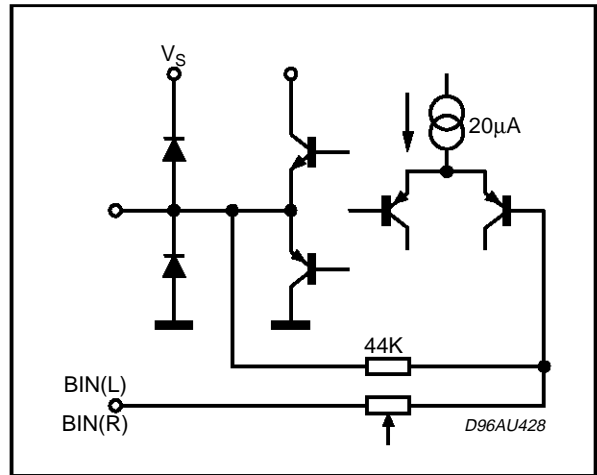


TDA7439

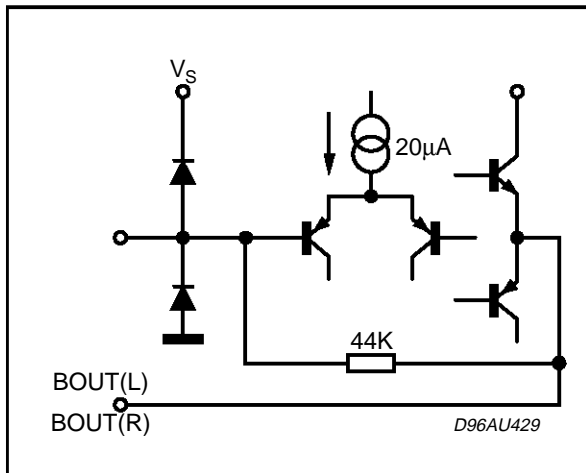
PINS: 20, 25



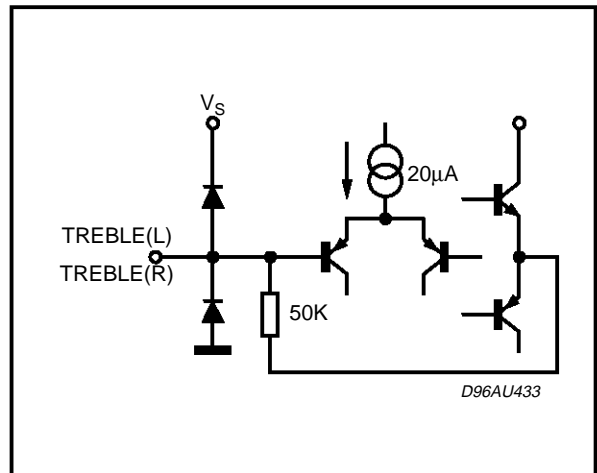
PINS: 21, 23



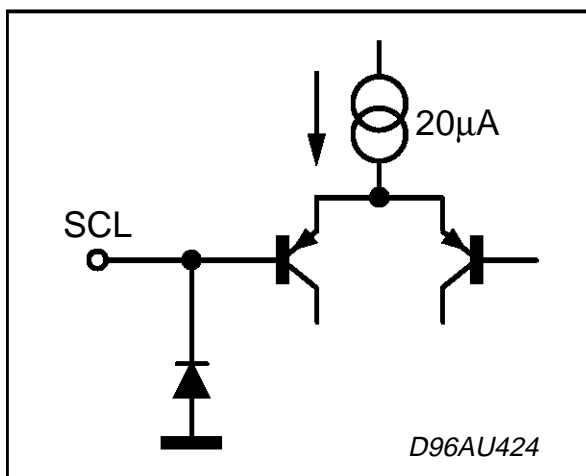
PINS: 22, 24



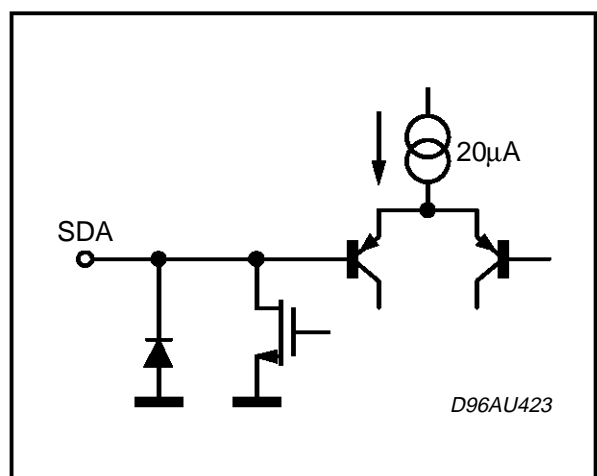
PINS: 27, 28



PINS: 29

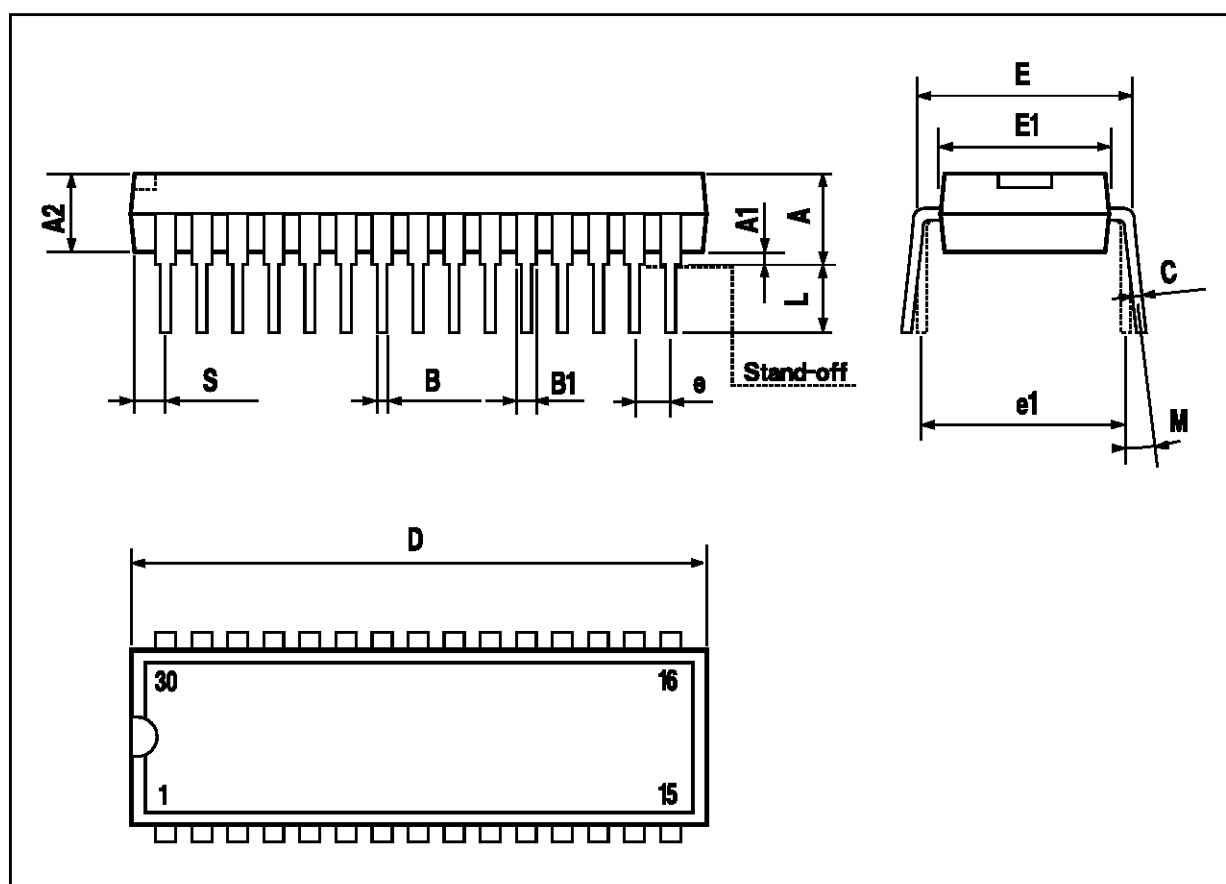


PINS: 30



SDIP30 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			5.08			0.20
A1	0.51			0.020		
A2	3.05	3.81	4.57	0.12	0.15	0.18
B	0.36	0.46	0.56	0.014	0.018	0.022
B1	0.76	0.99	1.40	0.030	0.039	0.055
C	0.20	0.25	0.36	0.008	0.01	0.014
D	27.43	27.94	28.45	1.08	1.10	1.12
E	10.16	10.41	11.05	0.400	0.410	0.435
E1	8.38	8.64	9.40	0.330	0.340	0.370
e		1.778			0.070	
e1		10.16			0.400	
L	2.54	3.30	3.81	0.10	0.13	0.15
M	0°(min.), 15°(max.)					
S	0.31			0.012		



Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics. Specification mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics.

© 1996 SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics – Printed in Italy – All Rights Reserved

SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES

Australia - Brazil - Canada - China - France - Germany - Hong Kong - Italy - Japan - Korea - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - The Netherlands - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - Taiwan - Thailand - United Kingdom - U.S.A.